





## Intimations.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA,  
LIMITED,  
DISPENSING CHEMISTS.

WINE AND SPIRIT DEPARTMENT.

WHISKY, SCOTCH. F. O. S. DAKIN.  
A blend of the finest Whiskies produced in  
Scotland, fully matured in wood before bottling.

White Capsule \$10 per dozen, \$1 per bottle.

BENAVON.—A perfectly pure clean spirit  
with a distinct palatable taste, entirely free from fusel  
oil or other deleterious substances.

Square bottle, Gold Capsule, \$7 per dozen,  
65 cents per bottle.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA, LIMITED.

(Telephone No. 66.)

No. 22 & 24, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
Hongkong, 20th October, 1890.

## WINES AND SPIRITS.

BY APPOINTMENT.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.  
(ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.)  
HONGKONG.

WE invite attention to the following old  
lauded brands, all of which are of ex-  
cellent quality and good value for the money.  
The same being specially selected by our  
London House, and bought direct from the most  
noted Shippers, are imported in wood and bottled  
by ourselves, thus enabling us to supply the  
best goods at moderate prices.

In ordering it is only necessary to state  
the name and quantity of Wine or Spirit wanted,  
and initial letter for quantity desired.  
Orders through Local Post or by Telegram  
receive prompt attention.

PORTS. (For Invalids and General use.)

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A Alto Douro, good quality,	\$10	\$1.00
B Green Capsule, superior quality,	10	1.10
C Fine Old Vintage, superior quality,	14	1.25
D Very Fine Old Vintage, extra superior, Violet Capsule (Old Bottled)	18	1.50

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A Delicate Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Capsule,	6	0.60
B Superior Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Seal Capsule,	7.50	0.75
C Manzanilla, Pale Natural Sherry, White Capsule,	10	1.00
CC Superior Old Dry, Pale Natural Sherry, Red Seal Capsule,	10	1.00
D Very Superior Old Pale Dry, choice old wine, White Seal Capsule,	14	1.50
E Extra Superior Old Pale Dry, very finest quality, Black Seal Capsule (Old Bottled)	14	1.50

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A Superior Breakfast Claret, Red Capsule,	4.50	\$4.50
B St. Estephe, Red Capsule,	7	5.00
C St. Julien,	7	7.50
D La Rose,	11	12.00

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A Hennessy's Old Pale, Red Capsule,	12	\$1.10
B Superior Very Old Cognac, Red Capsule,	14	1.25
C Very Old Liqueur Cognac, Red Capsule,	18	1.50
D Hennessy's Finest Very Old Liqueur Cognac, 1872 Vintage, Red Capsule,	24	2.00

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A Thorne's Blend, White Capsule,	8	0.75
B Watson's Glenocherry Mellow Blend, Blue Capsule with Name and Trade Mark,	8	0.75
C Watson's Abouloir Glenlivet, Red Capsule with Name and Trade Mark,	8	0.75
D Watson's H. K. D Blend of the Finest Scotch Malt Whiskies, Violet Capsule,	10	1.00
E Watson's Very Old Liqueur Scotch Whisky, Gold Capsule	12	1.10

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A John Jameson's Old, Green Capsule,	8	0.75
B John Jameson's Fine Old, Green Capsule,	10	1.00
C John Jameson's Very Fine Old, Green Capsule,	12	1.10
D GENTLE BOURBON WHISKY, fine old, Red Capsule, with Name.	10	1.00

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A Fine Old Tom, White Capsule,	4.50	0.40
B Fine Unweathered, White Capsule,	4.50	0.40
C Fine A. V. H. Geneva,	5.25	0.50

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A Fine Old Jamaica, Violet Capsule,	12	1.00
B Good leeward Island, \$1.50 per Gallon.		

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A Benedictine Maraschino Curacao, Herling's Cherry Cordial, Carause, Dr. Siegel's Angostura Bitters, &c.		

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SUBSCRIBERS TO "THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" ARE MOST RESPECTFULLY  
REMINDED THAT ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS  
MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE.

## The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1890.

## TELEGRAMS.

MESSRS. O'BRIEN AND DILLON.

LONDON, November 3rd.  
The Irish Societies gave Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon an immense reception on their arrival in New York. Mr. O'Brien read an address stating that the object of their visit was to raise a national fighting fund in order to frustrate the efforts now being made to crush tenants and prevent them combining.

## MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

The recent Municipal Elections have gone in favour of the Liberals.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE Russian corvette *Crayser*, Capt. Rogestwensky, arrived this afternoon from Vladivostok.

DR. DORRICK, in his weather report for to-day says:—The typhoon continues moving westward in the China Sea.

AMONG the engagements for to-morrow will be found the Hongkong Jubilee meeting, to be held at the City Hall, at noon.

It will be seen from our advertising columns that Messrs. Russell and Co. have been appointed agents for the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, one of the most promising societies in the line.

A REGULAR Convocation of St. Andrew's Chapter, No. 218, S.C. will be held in Foremost Hall, Zealand Street, this evening, at 8 for 8.30 o'clock precisely. Visiting companions are cordially invited.

We hear that the Hongkong Bus Company have wired to their Sydney friends to send up forty carefully selected horses and fine omnibuses, the latter as per approved plans sent down by the last Australian mail.

We are informed by the Agents (Messrs. Arnhold, Karberg & Co.) that the China Shipper Mutual S. N. Co. is running *Ching*, from London and Liverpool, to Singapore for this port to-day, and may be expected on or about the 19th inst.

THE captaincy of the C. P. S. Co's vessel *Batavia* was to-day transferred by Capt. Williams (who probably takes the *Abysinia*) to Mr. Coleman, first officer, and one of the most efficient mariners in the East.

THE German steamer *Destina* which arrived here yesterday from Bangkok reports having seen a sailing vessel on her beam ends, dismasted and with apparently no persons on board, off the coast of Annam while on her downward trip last time.

We learn that the reason Mr. C. V. Creagh, Governor of British North Borneo, was not received with a salute on arriving here yesterday was that Colonial Governors are not entitled to such outside the waters of the territory over which they have jurisdiction.

THERE was a very satisfactory attendance at the performance of "The Daughter of the Regiment" by Miss Plafsted's Company last evening, and it was fairly successful. The chief attraction, of course, is on Saturday evening, when Lecocq's opera "Manola" will be produced.

THE German steamer *Kiel*, which has been under charter for some time past to Messrs. Geo. R. Stevens & Co., running between here and Manila, has been sold recently to a Japanese Company for \$80,000 by the Captain, W. Krutefeld, on behalf of the owners at home.

THE Hon. C. F. Chater's steamship *Arday* (Capt. Cass) has been sold for \$150,000 and transferred to Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co. The *Arday* sails to-morrow for Saigon under the well-known flag of her new owners, who may be congratulated upon having secured one of the most economical, handy, and sound coasters sailing out of Hongkong.

We understand that a telegram has been received from H. E. Sir Wm. Des Vaux to the effect that he and Lady Des Vaux left London in the *Coromandel* yesterday. H. E. Des Vaux has arrived here about the end of the month, and trusts that his friends and the people of Hongkong will be as glad to see H. E. and Lady Des Vaux as they will be to meet the residents.

"SNIPS" on the warpath again! The job-laters' guild has drawn up a manifesto, to be served upon employers within the next few days, wherein an increase of wages to the tune of 15 per cent is demanded. Failing to come up to time employees are to desert their work-shops on mass, i.e. strikes! The labour and capital question will yet cause difficulties in the Orient, as it has in the Occident.

THE Band of the A. & S. Highlanders will play the following programme at the Barrack Square, this evening, commencing at 7 o'clock:—

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
March: "Excelsior".....Dorothy.		
Lancers: "Excelsior".....Dorothy.		
Polka: "This One".....Solomon.		
Polka: "See us dance".....Solomon.		
Quadrille: "Topsy Turvy".....Solomon.		
Gallip: "Wings of Love".....Meyler.		

At the Legislative Council meeting on Monday, the Orders of the Day will be:—

Financial Minutes.  
Committee on the Bill entitled "An Ordinance to amend The Cattle Diseases, Slaughter-Houses, and Markets Ordinance, 1887."

Committee on the Bill entitled "An Ordinance to amend The Chinese Emigration Consolidation Ordinance, 1889."

Committee on the Bill entitled "An Ordinance to amend The Public Health Ordinance of 1887."

Committee on the Bill entitled "An Ordinance to amend The Arms Ordinance of 1889."

Committee on "The Appropriation Bill, 1891."

Committee on the Bill entitled "The Squatters' Ordinance, 1890."

Third reading of the Bill entitled "An Ordinance to give further powers to Companies with respect to the Alteration of their Memoranda of Association."

THE latest sensation in golf circles at home is the *debts of golf*, a weekly paper edited by Mr. A. J. Robertson, who possesses the double qualification of being a keen "hand" and a capable journalist. "The decadence of St. Andrews as a golfing centre" is the title of a lengthy article that will render the publication anything but popular with Fife golfers, we imagine. *Golf* is well got up and worth the "bob" charged for it.

THE Chinese job-tailors, having refused to pay an increase of 15 per cent on the increment to wages usually granted to their employees from the tenth to the end of the twelfth month of every year, the latter have to-day struck work, and are holding indignation meetings. The strike fever is spreading even amongst Orientals. It would seem; witness the late rumour in Hollow, when the people shut up shop and carried the day against the mandate of rapacious officials.

OWING to the continued dry weather, prospects for the Sky meeting, definitely fixed for the 20th inst., are not very promising, the course being so very hard that it is dangerous to give poles a training gallop on it. Unless we should get a rain in the meantime, many of the leading sports think it would be better to postpone the meeting for ten days or a fortnight, and pray for a shower. As it is, it would simply be "cruelty" to animals to race ponies on the course in its present condition.

## THE GAOL "DEADS."

Mr. Woodhouse held a searching Coroner's inquiry into the circumstances connected with the death of a Chinaman who died in Victoria Gaol a fortnight ago. The jurors were Messrs. J. Armstrong, D. Wood, and E. P. Sequeira.

Louis Flores, gaol hospital warder, said he made out the list, handed to him respecting the punishments of the deceased. The list was made out from memoranda slips of paper which he kept whenever a prisoner was passed by Dr. Marques as fit for punishment. The prisoners mentioned on the slips of paper were sent to the hospital at 8 o'clock every morning and paraded before the doctor. The latter always "ticked off" those who were passed as fit for prescribed punishment, subsequent to which he (the doctor) initiated the list. If, on inspection, any were not passed by the doctor, their names would be carefully noted on the same slip of paper. That was the only record kept of punishment in the gaol. The list of punishments to which the deceased was subjected was as follows:—8th July 3 days rice and water; 11th July 3 days rice and water; 15th July 3 days rice and water and loss supper; 22nd July 2 days rice and water; 25th July, solitary, rice and water; 28th July, to receive 12 strokes of the rattan; 16th August, 3 days rice and water; 20th August, 3 days rice and water; 24th August, 3 days rice and water; 12th September, 3 days rice and water; 14th Sept., 3 days rice and water; 17th Sept., 3 days rice and water; 17th October, to lose his supper; 1st October, 3 days rice and water. [His Worship:—Some of your memoranda, I observe, are incorrectly entered and do not correspond with the official report sent in by Dr. Marques.] Continuing, witness said he had made mistakes because he was in a hurry. The revised list of punishments was correct, and the man did receive the punishments thereon entered.

W. Jones, chief warder, said as soon as the prisoners were passed for punishment they were taken by a turnkey named Pond to a certain part of the gaol known as corridor A. 2. In that part of the gaol they were kept for the day, receiving rice and water at half past six in the morning and at half past three in the afternoon. Rice and water consisted of 12 ounces of uncooked rice for *por diem*. Nothing was mixed with the rice except a "pinch" of salt, which was thrown over the top of the man's "chow." It was a regulation of the gaol that subsequent upon being put upon rice and water for three days, the maximum, a prisoner must be put on full rations for not less than one day prior to being subjected to reduced diet again. The rule relating to that was No. 272 of Gaol Regulations of great May 1890. The man in question was in the morning and 9 a.m., therefore they would have had the morning meal prior to medical inspection. When solitary confinement was given in addition to rice and water, it meant that the prisoner was kept in a dark cell for the prescribed period. The solitary confinement commenced at 6 a.m., and the inspection by the doctor would be conducted in the cell, thereby the solitary confinement would not be broken. The ordinary meal for a prisoner was a pound of rice, an ounce of oil, 4 ozs. of fresh fish and 3 ozs. of salt fish three days a week, and 1 oz. of chutney. Two ounces would be deducted from the allowance of rice and made into congee, a plate of congee to be served at midday. On Saturday and Sunday ordinary prisoners had nothing but rice to eat. The "loss of supper" meant the deduction of a full meal from the day's allowance. If a prisoner committed an offence in the afternoon he would be punished at once by withholding his supper from him. But he would not be brought before Major Dempster, the Superintendent, until the following morning because the "super" did not reside at the Gaol. On the 24th October deceased was sentenced by the "super" to 12 strokes of the rattan, but was not passed by the doctor as fit for corporal punishment. The following day, the 25th of October, he went into the gaol hospital, being unfit for work. It was a fact that on the 2nd of October the deceased was suffering from diarrhoea.

Charles Nielsen, turnkey, said he had to look after the crank labour and record the work done. During the last week of October, the deceased (No. 102) was put on the crank labour and was on full diet. He did 1,500 revolutions on the 31st of October; but on the 1st he was put on punishment diet, rice and water. For refusing to work on the 24th of October he was put on "short commons." The man absolutely refused to work, and gave no reason for it.

Mr. Armstrong, Warden, said when he refused to work the crank?

Witness:—He didn't say so.

At this juncture his Worship adjourned the inquiry until next Wednesday.

## THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

The following portion of the proceedings at yesterday's Council was omitted from last night's issue:—

THE CATTLE DISEASES, SLAUGHTER-HOUSES, AND MARKETS AMENDMENT BILL.

The Acting Attorney-General—I beg to move the second reading of a bill to amend the Cattle Diseases, Slaughter-Houses, and Markets Ordinance of 1887. The real object of bringing forward this bill is to prevent adulteration of food, and that is dealt with in section 4. When I considered this matter I found the original Ordinance had already been amended by two Ordinances in 1889, namely 9 and 21, and in view of the reprinting of the Ordinance I thought it well to repeal these two and re-enact them in this Ordinance so as to have one Ordinance

instead of three or four. I have therefore repealed Ordinances 9 and 21 of 1889, and re-enacted in section 3 what they enacted. With respect to adulteration, I have simply added the word "adulterated" to Section 24 of Ordinance 17 of 1887. Section 24 of that Ordinance read: "No person shall keep, sell or expose for sale or bring into the colony or into any market any food for man or beast which is in an unwholesome condition or unfit for human consumption." One or two alterations were made subsequently, but the question of adulteration was left out partly through inadvertence and partly from the fact that it was thought that the subject of adulteration of food would be dealt with in the Public Health Ordinance then under consideration. Doubts have arisen as to whether the provisions of the Public Health Ordinance are sufficient, and I therefore introduced the word "adulteration" into the section, which now reads: "No person shall sell or expose for sale or bring into the colony or into any market any food for man or beast which is in an unwholesome condition or unfit for human consumption, or which is adulterated, or which is unfit for use, under a penalty not exceeding one hundred dollars and the forfeiture of the said food." Section 5 has been freshly added, and is as follows:—"The words 'food for man' shall include every article used for food or drink by man other than drugs or water."

The Acting Colonial Secretary seconded, and the Bill was read a second time.

## THE CHINESE EMIGRATION AMENDMENT BILL.

The Acting Attorney-General—I beg to move the second reading of a bill to amend the Chinese Emigration Consolidation Ordinance of 1889. The object of this bill is to punish stowaways and persons aiding or abetting them. As the Council is aware, there is a very heavy penalty in Australia on ships which bring Chinese there in excess of a certain number. A very small number is allowed by Australian legislation on the subject, and in a recent case it was found that certain officers on a recent ship had, with their connivance, allowed Chinese to be taken on board the ship, and that the Chinese found when they got there, it appears that it does pay aiders and abettors to endeavour to smuggle Chinese into Australian colonies contrary to the provisions of their laws. When the question came to be considered here, it was found that although stowaways might be punished there was no power or law to punish those who aid and abet them. To meet the defect therefore I propose to introduce the provisions of the English Passenger Act of 1887, which punishes any person found on board a passenger ship with intent to obtain a passage therein without the consent of the captain, owner or charterer, and every person aiding or abetting him. The penalty at first was £5, and this was afterwards increased to £25, but considering the very heavy penalty in the Australian colonies, amounting, I believe, to £1,000, I thought the English penalty was not sufficient for this colony, and therefore I have made the penalty \$500, or in default six months' imprisonment with or without hard labour.

The Acting Colonial Secretary seconded. Bill read a second time.

## THE PUBLIC HEALTH AMENDMENT BILL.

The Acting Attorney-General—I beg to move the second reading of a Bill to amend the Public Health Ordinance of 1887. This Bill, Sir, has been introduced in order to amend certain sections of the Public Health Ordinance of 1887, which experience gained in the working of that measure has proved to be necessary in order to improve these sections, to make them more useful or to render their enforcement more speedy. I may mention, however, that the Ordinance of 1887 was the first attempt in this colony, to introduce in any systematic shape or form enactments relating to the public health of the colony; and as I had the honour to be in charge of that measure when it passed the Council, I shall not easily forget the opposition it met with, the fears which it raised at the time it passed into law, or the concessions which had to be made in order to allay the opposition which met us on all sides. It was a tentative measure and one beset with difficulties. Now, the people of Hongkong, like the people everywhere else, had to be educated on this subject. At a recent meeting in Birmingham of the British Medical Association, one of the leading members, speaking of the great progress made in England in respect to this question, said that people had to be educated in this matter, and that they now accepted readily and as a matter of course, and admitted the necessity and usefulness of measures which when first suggested they looked upon as arbitrary, vexatious and an invasion of public rights and public property, and which the English people had to be educated on this subject. At a recent meeting in Birmingham of the British Medical Association, one of the leading members, speaking of the great progress made in England in respect to this question, said that people had to be educated in this matter, and that they now accepted readily and as a matter of course, and admitted the necessity and usefulness of measures which when first suggested they looked upon as arbitrary, vexatious and an invasion of public rights and public property, and which the English people had to be educated on this subject.

The Acting Colonial Secretary seconded. His Excellency—The Attorney-General has mentioned the object of this short Bill. I may add that I sincerely hope that the measure will have the effect, to some extent, of preventing the smuggling that now goes on from this colony into China. Several cases have occurred recently of Chinese being forced to leave their homes, and to go to the frontiers of the colony, and to do that it is the duty of this colony to do all it can to prevent such results. I think it is to the interest of this colony, as well as to the interest of China, that we should have recourse to every means in our power to prevent smuggling into China, and I think furthermore that it is our duty, in consequence of the several treaties between England and China, to take these steps. To prevent smuggling altogether would be very difficult, but what we have brought to our knowledge the attacks of these armed bands from time to time and the loss of life that takes place, it is certainly our duty to consider every means with the object of preventing these results, and it may be that the power to search for arms given in this Ordinance, in addition to those already possessed, may in some degree prevent these occurrences.

The Supplementary Appropriation Bill 1889 was read a third time, and the Council adjourned till Monday next at 2.30 p.m.

## LATE TELEGRAMS.

HOBART, October 3rd.

The strike is virtually over. Work at the wharf and elsewhere is proceeding as though nothing whatever had happened to interfere with it.

SYDNEY, October 4th.

The wool-scouring works of Messrs. Geddes had to be closed yesterday, owing to the carters having refused to carry any wool for shipment by non-unionists. In consequence of the closing of the works 150 men have been thrown out of employment.

Two unionists were sentenced, yesterday, to four and two months' imprisonment respectively for cutting a rope attached to a bale of wool and attempting to take a horse out of a cart driven by non-unionists.

The agent of the Hay Shearers' Union, (Mr. Arthur Rae) was fined, on Saturday, £155, or in default, ordered to be imprisoned for 100 days, on 20 distinct charges of inciting shearers to break their agreements. Rae paid the fines, and remarked to the Bench in doing so, that "one might as well sell ice to hell as to hope for justice in a court of law."

MELBOURNE, October 7th.  
The shearers are returning to their work willingly; though at Narrabri, yesterday, a hundred of them burnt the effigy of a station master, but they shortly afterwards returned to work.

The Unionists evince considerable anxiety as to the result of the proposed conference with the employers.

All the shearers have been ordered back to work.

SYDNEY, October 7th.

The Secretary of the Strike Committee has written an answer to the Employers' Union, in which he states that the committee are desirous of leaving the date and general arrangements of the proposed conference in their hands.

MELBOURNE, October 8th.

Strike matters are unaltered. The executive of the Employers' Union considered, yesterday, the last letter from the Strike Committee, and decided to refer to the kindred bodies of the other colonies as to recommending a conference of capital and labour.

SYDNEY, October 8th.

Work at the wharves is progressing very rapidly, owing to the fast arrival of the wool from the country districts. The loading of vessels is also proceeding with the utmost expedition.

LONDON, October 23rd.

Mr. H. J. Roby's majority at Eccles was 205 votes over Mr. Egerton, the Conservative candidate and uncle of the deceased member. Mr. Roby polled 4,901 and Mr. Egerton 4,696 votes.

ZANZIBAR, October 24th.

The Sultan of Vitu has refused to give up the murderers of the Germans who effected a landing there some short time since, and is collecting his forces and making every preparation to fight.

WASHINGTON, October 24th.

The Treasury to-day purchased two hundred thousand ounces of silver at 104.98. The cause of the great fall in silver in America is ascribed to the liquidation of speculative accounts of persons who bought in September, expecting that October purchases by the Treasury would cause recovery to the prices ruling in August.

LONDON, October 25th.

Mr. Balfour has gone on a tour in the west of Ireland.

October 26th.

The Royal Victoria and Albert Dock Companies have given notice that on the 3rd November they will terminate the existing agreement with the dockers, and that they intend to exclude the Union from the position of medium between the docks and dockers, and employ anybody, whether Unionist or not.

Mr. Gladstone, speaking at Dalkeith yesterday, deprecated emigration as a cure for the crofter question. He condemned the idea of the Disestablishment of the Scotch Church, and said he was in favour of uniting the different sections of Freischmiedism.

BERLIN, October 26th.

At the nineteenth birthday of Field Marshal Von Moltke to-day the Emperor William personally offered his felicitations to the aged warrior in the presence of the general staff, and at a banquet given at Potsdam he drank his health.

CONSTANTINOPLE, October 26th.

An American had been arrested here for complicity in the Armenian conspiracies, and imprisoned one night, notwithstanding his passport. The United States Consul has obtained his release, and the United States Minister has demanded satisfaction from the Porte for the outrage.

The Porte in reply expressed regret at the occurrence.

LISBON, October 26th.

It is reported here that the British South African Company's Expeditionary Force whilst marching to the Coast was attacked by Matabeles and lost two hundred men.

LONDON, October 27th.

A pastoral letter has been issued by the Irish Bishops declaring that the potato crop has failed to a large extent, and appealing to the Government to take steps for the prevention of the deplorable results likely to ensue. The pastoral letter condemns boycotting and the "Plan of Campaign."

## THE POWDER MAGAZINE EXPLOSIONS IN THE NORTH.

Writing from Wuhu to the *N. C. Daily News* on the 5th inst., the Rev. J. Walley, of the Methodist Episcopal Mission, says:—

Taiiping, in the Anhui province, has just been the scene of a terrible disaster. The powder magazine brought down upon the town, causing great damage to life and property. Making great preparations we hurried to the scene of the disaster. The town was in a terrible condition; scarcely a single house had escaped injury in some form, many being entirely blown away or burnt to the ground, and everywhere scattered over with fragments of tiles, bricks and rafters. The Prefect's yamen was much damaged, while the Prefect himself was so seriously hurt that he died the next morning. The walls of the District Magistrate's office were entirely destroyed, the roof having been blown outward allowing the roof to fall flat down. The Confucian temple, one of the largest buildings in the city, has scarcely a whole tile left on its roof, while many of its walls are so shaken as to require rebuilding. Of the magazine itself not a whole brick remains; where it stood is now a hole about 20 feet deep and 60 or 70 feet wide. The ground in all directions is scorched and black as though the flames, and the whole place looks as though it had passed through a siege. Report says it had passed through a siege. Report says it had passed through a siege. Report says it had passed through a siege.

During the explosion shot of various sizes, from 10 lbs. downwards, were scattered in all directions, doing great damage. In the compound of the Methodist Episcopal Mission, half a mile away from the scene of the explosion, a dozen or more of balls of various sizes were picked up, while the building itself was greatly damaged. One man was killed by a falling shot at "The Pillars" 20 ft away. The confusion was felt at Wuhu, a distance of over 15 miles. No one seems to know the



course, nothing known as to the cause of the explosion, but there were about fifty people under a mandarin at the powder-mills where the explosion occurred, and they were all absolutely annihilated. An immense portion of the city, including the district magistrate's yamen, was demolished, as was also the mission of the Jesuits, which was between two and three miles distant from the mills. A portion of a cannon, between two and three feet long, fell through the roof of the mission, and a large iron ball fell in the mission enclosure, burying itself in the ground. Many people were killed, the number being estimated at three hundred.

## GOLD FIND AT PUNJOM.

Mr. Jolly, of Punjom, arrived at Singapore on the 1st instant by the *Glenglynn*, says the *Free Press*, bringing with him a few specimens from a lode which has been come upon in the course of the explorations going on at one of the workings at Bukit Siam, on Ketchau. Specimens can be got, as we all know, from many places in Pahang, and there may be no more than they can say for themselves. But a couple of these Mr. Jolly has brought to Singapore as fine as anything we have seen from Pahang. The largest specimen is about the size of the fist, and large crumbly and flakes of free coarse gold lie all over it, and run through its texture. The second largest specimen was picked up in the dark by Mr. Jolly, who selected it by its evident high specific gravity.

The gold-carrying stone was come upon in the level about 60 ft. from the mouth and 30 ft. along the hanging wall of a quartz reef exposed. On coming upon this rich find Mr. Leenbruggen, who is in charge in the absence of Mr. Thomas, went to Punjom to report to Mr. Hardie, and get advice. Mr. Jolly returned with him, saw the place, and advised that the exposed gold-bearing stone, on the roof and upper side of the level, be left undisturbed till Mr. Thomas's return and in the meantime that the level should be continued and a cross-cut made through the reef, about 2 feet thick here just beneath where the gold occurred. The part of the reef and side-wall where the gold is abundantly visible is therefore to stand at it until it is examined *in situ* and authoritatively reported on.

It remains for Mr. Becker's miners to ascertain by further workings the extent of this strike. The difficulty of course lies in the question whether that sort of stuff be got in quantity. Nothing more can be said than this. There is more of the same stuff visible, but how much more cannot be known till the order to cut into it is given.

The specimens may now be seen at Mr. Becker's office in D'Almeida Street, and are well worth inspection.

## CHINESE JUSTICE.

The *N. C. Daily News*, in its notes from "Native Papers," gives the following interesting account of a crime and its punishment:

The Governor of Kiangsu reports the result of the trial of a number of villagers belonging to the Feng district near Shanghai who, as earlier reported in the pages of the *Gazette*, in March 1889 attacked and burnt to death a party of soldiers, 24 in all, belonging to the salt administration service. The facts of the case were as follows:—Hungmiao and other places along the coast in the above-named district, being much frequented by smugglers, the villagers had arranged a system of mutual protection, under which on an alarm of thieves being raised, gangs were to be beaten, and everyone living in the neighbourhood was to turn out, and come to the rescue. This being a salt-producing locality (many of the villagers combine with their other occupations), that of drying salt, and there is consequently a considerable amount of petty smuggling going on throughout the district, a circumstance which the soldiers of the salt administration had frequently taken advantage of to levy blackmail on the inhabitants. Early on the morning of the 14th March, 1889, a party of 14 preventive officers belonging to the Salt Department, were passing by Hungmiao when they spied a heap of salt lying at the door of one of the houses. Assuming it to be contraband, they landed and knocked at the door, but the owner was out, and his wife replied that there was no one at home. The soldiers thereupon announced their intention of carrying off the salt, but offered to allow her to redeem it. Suspecting them to be thieves the woman went to the back-door and gave the pre-arranged signal to the inhabitants. Hearing the soldiers were removing the salt to their boats, the villagers began to come up, and a fierce fight ensued. The soldiers were speedily outnumbered, and were soon all stretched senseless on the ground, but in the confusion of the mêlée it was impossible to say by whom the blows had been struck. Whilst this was the position of affairs, a man named Keng-k'an, who had been previously arrested by the soldiers on a trumped-up charge of smuggling, and let them up in one of the boats, began to shout out for assistance. One of the villagers went on board to release him, and seeing the uniforms and flags lying in the bottom of the boat, discovered for the first time that the supposed pirates were really preventive officers. Going back to the villagers he said that the row had already assumed serious proportions, and if the affair came to the knowledge of the military officials, they would have a hard time of it. He accordingly suggested that the best way would be to burn the boats and the soldiers in them, and so remove all traces of the occurrence. By so doing they could at the same time avenge themselves on the soldiers for the many acts of extortion they had suffered at their hands. All present agreed to this, and leaving twenty of their number to keep watch, a party of over thirty villagers carried the senseless soldiers to the boats, which they dragged to the mouth of the river, and there set them on fire. Having burnt the boats and everything in them, they threw the remains into the sea in order to destroy all vestiges of their crime.

The facts having come to the knowledge of the authorities, several arrests were made, and after the usual hearings in the lower courts the case came before memorial for final revision. The following are, he finds, the provisions of the law applicable to the present case: (1) For the murder of three persons, not members of one family, the punishment is immediate decapitation. (2) Where several persons contrive an affair in the course of which an individual is killed, the person who inflicted the severest blow or wound shall be strangled after the usual period of confinement. Those not actually taking part in it shall be punished with 100 blows and perpetual banishment to a distance of 3,000 *li*.

Under the first of these provisions, one of the criminals, whose case is aggravated by the fact that he had never had blackmail levied on him by the soldiers, is sentenced to decapitation, and in addition to have his head exposed at the scene of his crime. As he has already committed suicide by drowning himself in the river, this sentence will be carried out by causing his corpse to be dismembered, and the head stuck up on a pole.

Four others are sentenced under the second of the above provisions to be strangled, and that immediately instead of after the usual term of

respite, on account of the lawless ferocity of their crime. Two of their number have however already died in prison. Four others are liable as accessories to 100 blows and perpetual banishment to a distance of 3,000 *li*, which punishment is for the same reason increased to the utmost extent allowed by the law, by imposing on them a sentence of 100 blows and perpetual banishment to the extreme frontiers to a distance of fully 4,000 *li*. The *li* was though fully aware of the smuggling carried on by the villagers and of the acts of extortion practised by the preventive officers, yet failed to make any report thereof to the authorities, is liable under the law relating to complicity of conduct, to 80 blows, which punishment he escapes however in virtue of the recent act of amnesty. *Rescript: Let the Board of Punishments report hereon immediately.*

## CHINANFU.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

October 19th.

For the last few weeks the Governor has been in the city, and sent several memorials to the Throne on the successful management of the Yellow River difficulties. Notwithstanding this, the distress in various districts from the floods is more and more apparent, and a gloomy winter is in prospect. If any relief is given, it will have to come in all probability from the Chinese themselves. The officials make no mention of any great distress, and so far as the Chinese of this city are concerned, no one would suppose people were suffering within a hundred miles of here. Reports from natives elsewhere indicate the true situation.

One underlying in connection with the Magistrate's yam 'n has lately been started to death, owing to a feudish effort on his part and the part of others to extort money from a man in the south suburb, whom they fastened up to a tree and burnt with incense, till various things were taken from them and money secured. The confessed ringleaders and others, hearing of the outrage, reported it to the Governor, and the guilty man was thus punished to pacify their rage.

Some time since we learned of opposition being raised against Mohammedans in a village in Ichowfu, where they purchased property for the erection of a mosque. Thus Christians are not the only ones opposed by the intolerant Confucian-Buddhist-Taoist Chinaman.

One of the missionaries has lately secured two chapels in the district of Ch'ang-ch'ing near to this city an official proclamation, translation of which I herewith give:—"Concerning the issue of a proclamation, in accordance with a letter received from the American missionary, Mr. Reid, stating that within the last few years in the limits of the district, in the two villages of Ch'eh-ch'ichuang and Ch'ingyangshu, Protestant chapels have been established and the peace preserved between the converts and the people and, requesting that a proclamation be issued for the information of the people, informing the people of these places, that said chapels are founded on examination to be engaged in teaching righteousness and not to interfere in other matters, and furthermore that the right is contained in the treaties and has been in operation for a long time. Let the people and converts know that they must as heretofore be at peace and in friendly harmonious relations, that they must not stir up suspicions and envy or arouse disturbance. If any one dares to disobey, he will be severely punished, without any pardon, etc., etc."

Nearly all the American Presbyterian missionaries are just leaving for their annual mission meeting to be held at the foreign compound outside of Waihsien.

The Rev. Mr. James, of the English Baptist Mission, has returned to the city from his long absence. A deputation the Baptist Society is reported on the way out to examine the work of its missionaries who live in this province in the three stations of Chinchow, Chowling and Chinanfu. The work of this Mission is about the most satisfactory in the province, and will worthily repay the inspection of this delegation or any other.

The German Bishop in the south-west of the province has left for Europe on important business. The German Minister is asking contributions for helping the distressed in the south-west of this province, to be placed in the hands of the German bishop. So far as we can see other objects are considered and aimed at than the mere relief of the most famishing. Still, as Protestant missionaries have distributed relief and received aid to their missionary work, there is no reason why the Roman Catholics should not also adopt the scheme. *N. C. Daily News.*

## To-day's Advertisements.

ST. ANDREW'S CHAPTER, HONGKONG, No. 218, S.C.

A REGULAR CONVOCATION will be held at FRANKLIN'S HALL, Zealand Street, THIS EVENING, the 14th instant, at 8.30 O'CLOCK precisely. Visiting Companions are cordially invited. Hongkong, 14th November, 1890. [1552]

THEATRE ROYAL CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

GRACIE PLAISTED'S "MY SWEET-HEART" COMPANY.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, 15th November, "M A N O L A."

Box Plan at Messrs. KELLY &amp; WALSH'S, CHAS. HARDING, Manager. Hongkong, 13th November, 1890. [1549]

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

RUSSELL &amp; Co., Agents. Hongkong, 14th November, 1890. [1567]

Masonic PERSEVERANCE LODGE OF HONGKONG, No. 1165.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in FRANKLIN'S HALL, Zealand Street, on MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 8.30 for 9 P.M. precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend. Hongkong, 10th November, 1890. [1553]

# HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.

(LATE THE HALL & HOLTZ CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY, LIMITED.)

## CARPETS! CARPETS!!

IN THIS SEASON'S DESIGNS. AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

Also

A QUANTITY OF SHORT LENGTHS OF THE BEST MAKES OF

## CARPETS,

SUITABLE FOR SMALL ROOMS, OFFICES, &amp;c., &amp;c.

AT REDUCED PRICES.

## HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.

(Late THE HALL &amp; HOLTZ C. Co., Ltd.)

Hongkong, 13th November, 1890.

## MARINE HOTEL

HONGKONG.

THE Undersigned begs to notify the Public of Hongkong and the Coast Ports, that THE MARINE HOTEL is NOW OPEN.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL is situated on the Praya West, opposite the Old P. &amp; O. Wharf, and is newly built after the designs of the Largest European Hotels—the BEDROOMS, BATH-ROOMS, &amp;c., are commodious, well ventilated and well furnished, and are suitable for Single or Married Persons. THE DINING ROOM is large and looks on the Harbour. The TABLE D'HOTE will be supplied with the best the market can provide.

The BAR and BILLIARD ROOMS are on the Ground Floor, and are fitted up in superior style. ENGLISH and AMERICAN TABLE WINES and LIQUORS of the best qualities and Brands only will be supplied.

The Undersigned therefore begs the patronage of the Public, hoping to give every satisfaction. JAS. EDWARDS, Proprietor. [1476]

Hongkong, 11th August, 1890.

## HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THE 3rd competition for the SUBSCRIPTION CHALLENGE CUPS &amp; RANGE SPOONS will take place TO-MORROW, the 15th instant, commencing at 3.15 O'CLOCK P.M. Ranges, 800 and 900 Yards, 10 shots at each range. Entries to be made on or before TO-DAY, the 14th inst.

A Launch will leave the P. &amp; O. Pier at 3 O'clock P.M.

FRANK COLLINS, for Hon. Sec. [184]

Hongkong, 10th November, 1890.

## SOCIETE FRANCAISE DE HOUILLERES DE TOURANE.

SHARE CERTIFICATES have arrived from Haiphong and are now ready for delivery. Shareholders are requested to deliver their interim receipts for the two first Calls to Messrs. ARNOLD KARBURG &amp; Co. which will be exchanged for Scripts. Hongkong, 10th November, 1890. [1554]

## DENTISTRY.

FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP AND MODERATE FEES.

MR. WONG TAI-FONG, Surgeon Dentist, (Formerly articled Apprentice, and latterly assistant to Dr. ROGERS), HAS REMOVED from the Office formerly occupied by Dr. ROGERS, to No. 18, D'AGUILAR STREET, (behind the Hongkong Club).

CONSULTATION FREE. Hongkong, 25th October, 1890. [1481]

## Dr. Knorr's ANTIPYRINE.

(Dose for Adults 15 to 35 grains (tryp).)

IS the most approved and most efficacious remedy in cases of HEADACHE, MIGRAINE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FEVER, TYPHUS, ERYSIPELAS, HOOPING-COUGH, and many other complaints. It is also the very best Antiseptic. Highly recommended by the medical Faculty. To be had from every reputable Chemist and Druggist. Ask for DR. KNORR'S ANTIPYRINE. Each Tin bears the inventor's signature, "Dr. KNORR" in red letters.

Supplies constantly on hand at the China Export, Import, and Bank Co.—Sole Agents for China. Beware of spurious imitations! Hongkong, 20th May, 1888. [1442]

## NOTICE.

THOMAS KERR &amp; CO. ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS AND CONTRACTORS.

YAU-MA-TI ENGINEERING WORKS, KOWLOON.

OFFICE—No. 12, D'AGUILAR STREET. Hongkong 25th August 1890. [146]

## G. FALCONER &amp; CO.

WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANU-FACTURERS AND JEWELLERS.

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS AND BOOKS. No. 4, Queen's Road Central. [1921]

## CHS. J. GAUFF &amp; CO.

CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND CLOCK-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, AND OPTICIANS.

CHARTS AND BOOKS. NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Sole Agents for Louis Audemars' Watches; awarded the highest Prizes at every Exhibition; and for Voigtlander and Sohn's CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES.

MARINE GLASSES AND SPYGLASSES. No. 4, Queen's Road Central. [1911]

## KUHN &amp; CO.

JAPANESE AND CHINESE FINE ART DEPOT.

21 &amp; 23, QUEEN'S ROAD. Hongkong, 21st July, 1890. [1072]

## THE CHINA BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Adjourned Ordinary Annual MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, on SATURDAY, the 22nd inst., at Noon.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON &amp; Co., Agents. Hongkong, 10th November, 1890. [1551]

## NOTICE.

JEY'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS COMPANY, LIMITED.

JEY'S WOOD PRESERVER OR ANTISEPTIC PAINT.

THE Undersigned have this day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale of these PERFECT DISINFECTANTS, and are prepared to supply quantities to suit purchasers, at Wholesale Prices. Extra Special terms for Shipping and large Orders.

Sir ROBERT RAWLINSON, C.B., C.E., Chief Sanitary Engineer, Local Government Board, London, says "It is the best Disinfectant in use."

W. G. HUMPHREYS &amp; Co., Bank Buildings. Hongkong, 10th Nov. 1890. [112]

## NOTICE.

GRIFFITH'S PHOTOGRAPHIC ROOMS

1, Ice House Road are suitably lighted to produce all styles of Portraiture in any weather. CABINETS from \$5 a dozen.

CARTES DE VISITE from \$3 a dozen. LIFE SIZED BUSTS in Colour, or Black &amp; White.

IVORY MINIATURES, &amp;c., &amp;c. NEW VIEWS OF HONGKONG and the Coast Ports are always ready. Hongkong, 24th September, 1890. [1340]

## TOURISTS

ARE cordially invited to call and inspect our choice collection of Japanese and Chinese FINE ART CURIOS, which is unequalled in Japan.

Every article guaranteed as represented. No trouble to show goods. One price only.

DEAKIN BROS. &amp; Co., Ltd., 16 Bunsd, Yokohama, next door to Farsa's Photographic Studio. [527]

## NOTICE.

HONGKONG &amp; WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHIPMASTERS AND ENGINEERS are respectfully informed that, if upon their arrival in this HARBOUR zone of the COMPANY'S FOREMEN should be at hand, ORDERS FOR REPAIRS, if sent to the HEAD OFFICE, No. 14, Praya Central, will receive prompt attention.

In the event of complaints being found necessary, communication with the Undersigned is requested, when immediate steps will be taken to rectify the cause of dissatisfaction.

D. GILLIES, Secretary. Hongkong, 25th August, 1885. [19]

## CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS, (REGISTERED).

AN ANTISEPTIC PAINT for the Preservation of Wood, Walls, Ropes and Ship's Tackle. May be applied to Beams, Floors, Wainscoting, Wooden Ornaments, Eaves, Roofs, Wooden Sheds, Farmers' and Gardeners' Implements, Carts, Posts, Fences, Stables, Gates, Bridges, Boats, and all Timber underground.

Effectually excludes all dampness from walls painted with it and entirely prevents the crumbling away and decay of both stone and bricks. While ants do not touch wood painted with Carbolineum Avenarius.

Used during the last 14 years with the utmost success, as proved by numerous Testimonials from living authorities.

Sold in casks of about 450 lbs. net. Price 8 cents per lb.

For further particulars apply to SCHEELE &amp; Co., Sole Agents, No. 16, Stanley Street. Hongkong, 2nd December, 1889. [190]

## Intimations.

## NOTIFICATION.

BRITISH NORTH BORNEO &amp; LABUAN. REVENUE FARMS FOR 1891.

THE Government are prepared to receive Tenders for the following Farms for 1891.

1. The Opium Farm.—Including the sole right to import raw or manufactured Opium for consumption in the Colony of Labuan and its Dependencies, and in the State or District of British North Borneo to which the Farm applies, and to prepare and sell and to license others to prepare and sell Opium, Chandoo and Opium Dross.

The Regulations governing the Farm are contained in Labuan Ordinance No. 11, of 1873, adopted in British North Borneo, and in Notification No. 111 of 1889.

The Maximum retail prices allowed by the Regulations are as follows:—

Taela. Chees. Hoons. \$ c. Not more than 270

6 3 0 10.00 Chees 500

3 2 0 5.00 Chees 100

0 6 2 1.00 Chees 50

0 1 9 0.50 Ball raw

0 1 0 0.19 Ball raw

0 0 1 0.02 Opium.

1. The Spirit Farm.—Including the sole right to import and to sell and to license others to import and sell Chinese Wines and Spirituous Liquors of Chinese manufacture, and the sole right to sell and to issue retail and wholesale licenses to sell all other Wines, Beer and Spirituous Liquors.

The Farm is governed by Proclamations No. VIII of 1889 and III of 1888.

2. The Pawnbroking Farm.—Including the sole right to keep and or to license others to keep Pawnbroking Establishments.

The Farm is governed by Labuan Ordinance No. III of 1888 as amended by Ordinance No. 1, of 1872, and Notification No. 131, of 1889.

3. The Gambling Restriction Farm.—Including the sole right to keep and or to license others to keep Gambling houses, and to issue permits to Gamble.

The Farm is governed by Proclamations No. II of 1883 and VII of 1889 and Notification No. 108 of 1889. It does not extend to Labuan.

4. The Customs Farm.—Including the sole right to collect all Import and Export Duties, payable to Government viz.—On the East Coast—Export Duties on Rattan, Gutta, Wax, Birds' nests, Timber, and all jungle and sea produce.

Import Duties on Tobacco, Spirits, Salt and Matches. On the West Coast—Export Duties on all jungle and sea produce, the same as for East Coast District. Import Duties on Salt, Spirits, Tobacco, Matches, Iron, Brass and Cloth.

5. The Blachan Farm.—Including the sole right to catch shrimps and to manufacture Blachan and or to license others to catch shrimps and to manufacture Blachan.

6. The Birds-nest Farm Darvel Bay.—Including the sole right to collect the Government Share of 10% on all nests from Madai and Segalong Caves.

A separate Tender must be submitted for each of the above Farms.

Each tender may be for one or more of the following Districts or places, and if the Farm of more than one of the Districts or places mentioned is applied for, a separate Tender should be submitted for each District or place viz:—

1.—The whole State of British North Borneo, extending from Sipitong River in Padas Bay on the West Coast, to Sibucco Bay on the East Coast, and also the Colony of Labuan and its Dependencies, as regards the Opium Farm only.

2.—The East Coast District from Tanjong Darvel, Labuk, Sugut, and Sandakan Bays, Kluabatangan, Segama and all rivers within the District.

3.—The Simporna District from Simporna to Batu Tenagat.

4.—The West Coast District, from Tanjong Inarung on the North to Sipitong on the south, including Banguey and Balam-bangan Islands and also the Colony of Labuan as regards Opium only.

5.—Kudat District.—From Tanjong Inarung to Sempangmangio Point, including all Rivers in Marudu Bay and the Island of Banguey and Balam-bangan.

6.—Paya District.—From Sempangmangio Point to Bangawan River including Tampassuk, Abal, Ambong, Sulaman, Tuanan, Gaya Bay, Putatan, Papan, Kimanis and all Rivers south to and including Bangawan.

7.—Padas District.—From Kwalla Penyu to Sipitong including Kwalla, Padas-Dault, and Padas Besar and all Rivers south to and including Sipitong; also including the Colony of Labuan as regards Opium only.

8.—The Colony of Labuan and its Dependencies.—For the Opium Farm only.

Each tender should state the monthly payments for the year 1891.

Tenders for the Opium Farm for the whole State, and the Colony of Labuan or for the East Coast District and for the Spirit, Pawnbroking, Gambling Restriction and Customs Farm, East Coast or Sandakan, will be received by the Government Secretary, Sandakan, on or before 20th November. All tenders should be under Seal and marked "Confidential Tender for Revenue Farm."

Tenders for the Farms for separate Provinces, such as Kudat, Gaya, Padas, Darvel Bay or Labuan will be received by the Officer-in-Charge of the Province or Colony on or before 15th of November.

The Government does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender.

Each tender should specify in full the names, residences, and occupation of the persons tendering, and should give similar information as to the proposed security.

Persons who do not wish to tender in their own names may use a number of not less than 3 figures; but those doing so should send their true names with the number used in separate envelope, marked "Private" to the Governor at Government House.

All Farms are subject to the Laws and Regulations now in force, or which may from time to time be enacted or issued by Government concerning the same.

Any further information on the subject may be obtained from the Treasurer-General, Sandakan, or from the Officer-in-Charge of the different Districts or Stations, and from the Company's Agents in Singapore or Hongkong.

By His Excellency's Command, L. P. BEAUFORT, Government Secretary.

GOVERNMENT SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Sandakan, 21st September, 1890. [1402]

## CAUTION TO SHIPOWNERS AND CAPTAINS.

RAHTJEN'S ANTI-FOULING COMPOSITIONS.

Other makes than our original Manufacture are now being sold.

The genuine and only Composition connected with Mr. RAHTJEN himself is RAHTJEN'S ANTI-FOULING COMPOSITION, and packages are marked with these words and Trade Mark an open hand in red.

REJECT ALL OTHERS.

Agents in Hongkong F. BLACKHEAD &amp; Co. Hongkong, 25th July, 1890. [1603]

## Intimations.

## JUBILEE OF HONGKONG.

UPON the requisition of the Hon. C. P. CHATER and THOMAS JACKSON Esq., a PUBLIC MEETING is hereby convened to take place at the CITY HALL TO-MORROW, the 15th November, at Noon, for the purpose of appointing a Committee to consider what steps should be taken to Celebrate the Jubilee of the Colony.

H. E. WODEHOUSE, Police Magistrate. Hongkong, 11th November, 1890. [1560]

## PEAK HOTEL AND TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.

## NOTICE.

SECOND CALL OF \$15 PER SHARE DUE JULY 17th, 1890.

NOTICE is hereby given that unless the above be paid together with interest at the rate of 12 1/2 per annum from the said due date, to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation; the said Shares will be dealt with in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company.

By Order of the Board of Directors, J. WHEELEY, Secretary. Hongkong, 23rd October, 1890. [1475]

## THE LAMAG PLANTING COMPANY, LIMITED.

## THE FIRST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Offices of the General Managers No. 6, Ice House Lane, on TUESDAY, the 25th instant, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Consulting Committee, and Statement of Accounts to 10th September, 1890.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 18th to 25th instant, both days inclusive.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON &amp; Co., General Managers. Hongkong, 10th November, 1890. [1550]

## THE IMURIS MINES, LIMITED.

## NOTICE.

SHAREHOLDERS are hereby informed that the certificates, for endorsement, should accompany the Bank draft sent in payment of the FINAL CALL of 5/6 per



## Commercial.

**CLOSING QUOTATIONS.**  
 Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, 235 per cent.  
 —premium, buyers.  
 Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, New Issue—  
 \$253 per share, nominal.  
 Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$93 per  
 share, ex. div., buyers.  
 China Traders' Insurance Company—\$65 per  
 share, buyers.  
 North China Insurance—Tls. 340 per share,  
 sellers.  
 Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$118 per  
 share, buyers.  
 Vanuise Insurance Association—Tls. 70 per  
 share, buyers.  
 On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 150  
 per share.  
 Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$330 per  
 share, buyers.  
 China Fire Insurance Company—\$89 per share,  
 buyers.  
 Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—\$75  
 per cent. premium, sellers.  
 Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.  
 —\$37 per share, sellers.  
 China and Manila Steam Ship Company—130  
 per share, sellers.  
 Hongkong Gas Company—\$155 per share, sellers.  
 Hongkong Hotel Company—\$165 per share  
 sellers.  
 Hongkong Hotel Co.'s Six per cent. Debentures  
 —\$501.  
 Indo-China Steam Navigation Company,  
 Limited—25 per cent. discount, sellers.  
 Douglas Steamship Company—\$47 per share,  
 buyers.  
 China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$167  
 per share, sellers.  
 Luson Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$103  
 per share, buyers.  
 Hongkong Ice Company—\$90 per share,  
 buyers.  
 Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited  
 —\$80 per share.  
 Hongkong Dairy Farm Co., Limited—\$10 per  
 share, sellers.  
 A. S. Watson & Co., Limited—\$22 per share,  
 sellers.  
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 B—24 per cent.  
 premium, sellers.  
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1886 C—5 per cent.  
 premium, buyers.  
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1886 E—11 per cent.  
 premium.  
 Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company,  
 Limited—\$134 per share, buyers.  
 The Hongkong Steam Laundry Co., Ltd.—\$25  
 per share, nominal.  
 Pui-on and Sunghie Doo Samantan Mining Co.  
 —\$3 per share, buyers.  
 The Raub Gold Mining Co., Ltd.—\$110 per share,  
 buyers.  
 Imura Mining Co., Ltd.—\$11 per share cum  
 "call," buyers.  
 The Balmoral Gold Mining Co., Limited—\$11  
 per share, sales.  
 Hongkong and Godown Wharf and Godown  
 Company—\$73 per share, sellers.  
 Tonquin Coal Mining Co.—\$425 per share,  
 sellers.  
 The Hongkong High-Level Tramway Co.,  
 Limited—\$105 per share, buyers.  
 The East Borneo Planting Co., Limited—\$14  
 per share, sales.  
 H. G. Brown & Co., Ltd.—\$62 per share, buyers.  
 The Sogel Koyah Planting Co., Ltd.—\$11 per  
 share, sellers.  
 Cruickshank & Co., Ltd.—\$40 per share, nom.  
 The Steam Launch Co., Limited—nominal.  
 The Austin Arms Hotel and Building Co., Ltd.  
 —50 per cent. div., sellers.  
 The China-Borneo Co., Ltd.—\$11 per share,  
 sellers.  
 The Hongkong Brick and Cement Co., Ltd.—  
 \$18 per share, sellers.  
 The Greer Island Cement Co.—\$23 per share,  
 buyers.  
 The Hongkong Land Investment Co., Ltd.—\$91  
 per share, sellers.  
 The Hongkong Electric Light Co., Ltd.—\$81  
 per share, sellers.  
 Geo. Fenwick & Co., Limited—\$24 per share,  
 sellers.  
 The West Point Buildings Co., Ltd.—\$30 per  
 share, sellers.  
 The Peak Hotel and Trading Co., Ltd.—\$20 per  
 share, sellers.  
 The Labuk Planting Co., Ltd.—\$18 per share,  
 buyers.  
 The Lanang Planting Co., Ltd.—\$11 per share,  
 buyers.  
 The Jelabu Mining and Trading Co., Ltd.—\$3  
 per share, sellers.  
 The Selama Tin Mining Co., Ltd.—\$2 per share,  
 buyers.  
 The Shamen Hotel Co., Ltd.—nominal.  
 The Kowloon Land Investment Co., Ltd.—\$17  
 per share, sellers.  
 The Trust and Loan Co. of China and Japan—  
 \$19 per share, buyers.  
 The Hongkong Marine, Limited—par, nominal.

**EXCHANGE.**  
 (N) LONDON.—Bank T. T. 3/1  
 Bank Bills, on demand 4/3  
 Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 4/3  
 Credits at 4 months' sight 4/3  
 Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight 4/3  
 ON PARIS.—Bank T. T. 4/26  
 Bank Bills, on demand 4/26  
 Credits at 4 months' sight 4/26  
 ON INDIA, T. T. 2/20  
 On Demand 2/20  
 ON SHANGHAI.—Bank T. T. 7/2  
 Bank, 30 days' sight 7/2  
 Private, 40 days' sight 7/2

**MAILS EXPECTED.**  
 THE FRENCH MAIL.  
 The Messageries Maritimes Co.'s steamer  
*Djemah*, with the French mail of 17th ultimo,  
 left Singapore on the 12th instant at 5:30 p.m.,  
 and may be expected here on the 19th.  
 THE AMERICAN MAIL.  
 The O. & S. S. Co.'s steamer *Belgia*, with  
 mails, &c., from San Francisco to the 31st ulto,  
 left Yokohama on the 12th instant at daylight,  
 and may be expected here on the 17th.  
 THE INDIAN MAIL.  
 The steamer *Yapan*, from Calcutta, left Singa-  
 pore on the 6th instant, and is due here to-mor-  
 row.

**STEAMERS EXPECTED.**  
 The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Co.'s  
 steamer *Milpoma*, from Bombay, left Singa-  
 pore on the 6th instant, and is expected here to-  
 morrow.  
 The "Shire" line steamer *Pembroke*, from  
 London, &c., left Singapore for Hongkong on the  
 6th instant, and is due here to-morrow.  
 The Ocean Steamship Co.'s steamer *Factor*,  
 from Liverpool, left Singapore on the morning  
 of the 12th instant, and is due here on the 19th.  
 The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Shanghai*  
 left London for this port on the 12th ultimo.  
 The China Shippers' Mutual S. N. Co.'s steamer  
*Oasis*, from London and Liverpool, left Singa-  
 pore on the 12th instant, and may be expected  
 here on the 19th.  
 The D. D. R. steamer *Frigea*, left Singapore  
 on the 13th instant at 3 p.m., and may be  
 expected here on the 19th.  
 The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Brindley*,  
 left London for this port on the 12th ultimo.  
 The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Nizam*, from  
 Bombay, left Singapore on the 10th instant at 4  
 p.m., and may be expected here on the 17th.

## Shipping.

**ARRIVALS.**  
 TITAN, British steamer, 1,528, R. J. Brown, 13th  
 Nov.—Singapore 6th Nov., General.  
 Butterfield & Swire.  
 TAIKANG, British steamer, 1,505, Jackson, 14th  
 Nov.—Shanghai 10th Nov., and Swatow  
 13th, General.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.  
 HAITAN, British steamer, 1,184, S. Ashton, 14th  
 Nov.—Swatow 13th Nov., General.  
 The Eastern & Co.  
 CRAWSEY, Russian corvette, 1,500, Rogest-  
 wsky, 14th November.—Vladivostok 2nd  
 November.  
**CLARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.**  
*Kita*, German steamer, for Kobe.  
*Peking*, German steamer, for Shanghai.  
*Titan*, British steamer, for Amoy.  
*Pollux*, German steamer, for Saigon.  
**DEPARTURES.**  
 November 14, *Ancona*, British steamer, for  
 Nagasaki, &c.  
 November 14, *Fohlin*, British steamer, for  
 Swatow, &c.  
 November 14, *Pollux*, German str., for Saigon.  
 November 14, *Electra*, German steamer, for  
 Yokohama, &c.  
 November 14, *Chowfa*, British str., for Bangkok.  
 November 14, *Cosmopolis*, British steamer, for  
 Tournon, &c.  
 November 14, *Chingwo*, British steamer, for  
 Singapore.  
**PASSENGERS—ARRIVED.**  
 Per *Titan*, str., from Singapore.—Messrs.  
 Wells, Hallifax, Rennie, and 398 Chinese.  
 Per *Haitan*, str., from Swatow.—134 Chinese.  
 Per *Taiyang*, str., from Swatow.—Mr. and  
 Mrs. R. T. Smith, Mrs. Edwards, Mrs.  
 Plassy, Messrs. Gove, McLean, and 133 Chinese.  
**REPORTS.**  
 The British steamship *Titan* reports that she  
 left Singapore on the 6th instant. Had strong  
 north-east monsoon and heavy sea.  
 The British steamship *Haitan* reports that she  
 left Swatow on the 13th instant. Had fresh  
 north-east winds and fine weather throughout.  
 In Swatow the steamship *Haitan* reports that  
 she left Shanghai on the 10th instant, and  
 Swatow on the 13th. Had strong north-east-  
 easterly breeze to moderate gale and fair  
 weather.

**Post Office.**  
 MAIL WILL CLOSE  
 For Kutchinow.—Per *Doris* to-morrow, the  
 15th instant, at 11:30 A.M.  
 For Amoy and Manila.—Per *Nansing* to-  
 morrow, the 15th instant, at 11:30 A.M.  
 For Singapore and Sourabaya.—Per *Tataris*  
 to-morrow, the 15th instant, at 2:30 P.M.  
 For Melbourne, Sydney, and Melbourne.—Per  
*Gulhrig* to-morrow, the 15th instant, at 2:30 P.M.  
 For Shanghai.—Per *Peking* to-morrow, the  
 15th instant, at 3:30 P.M.  
 For Amoy and Shanghai.—Per *Titan* to-  
 morrow, the 15th instant, at 3:30 P.M.  
 For Shanghai.—Per *Fookiang* to-morrow, the  
 15th instant, at 3:30 P.M.  
 For Swatow, Amoy, & Fookchow.—Per *Nansa*  
 to-morrow, the 15th instant, at 5:00 P.M.

**SHIPPING IN HONGKONG.**  
**STEAMERS.**  
 ALWINE, German steamer, 400, A. Bendixen,  
 15th Nov.—Hoibow 11th Nov., General.  
 Weller & Co.  
 ARDAY, British steamer, 1,080, R. Cass, 7th  
 Nov.—Saigon 1st November, Rice.—A. G.  
 Morris.  
 AVOCHE, British steamer, 1,055, T. Rowin,  
 9th Nov.—Bangkok 1st November, Rice.  
 A. G. Morris.  
 BATANG, British steamer, 2,553, Williamson,  
 11th Nov.—Vancouver 4th Yokohama  
 4th November, and Nagasaki 7th, General.  
 Adamson, Bell & Co.  
 DECHMA, German steamer, 965, C. Christensen,  
 15th Nov.—Bangkok 3rd Nov., Rice.—Geo.  
 R. Stevens & Co.  
 DORSET, British steamer, 1,716, Daniel, 11th  
 Nov.—Kutchinow 6th Nov., Coals.—Mitsui  
 Bussan Kaisha.  
 FALKENBURG, German steamer, 988, H. Friebe,  
 31st October, Saigon 27th Oct., Rice.  
 Fiedler & Meichers & Co.  
 GUTHRIE, British steamer, 1,498, N. Shannon,  
 11th Nov.—Manila 8th Nov., General.  
 Russell & Co.  
 KILL, German steamer, 851, W. Krutefeldt,  
 10th Nov.—Manila 6th Nov., Sugar and  
 Hemp.—Geo. R. Stevens & Co.  
 KONG BENG, British steamer, 842, R. Jones, 9th  
 Nov.—Bangkok 30th Oct., and Koh-  
 chang 1st Nov., General.—Yuen Fat Hong.  
 LORD BANGOR, British steamer, 1,911, H. Magill,  
 3rd Nov.—Karatsu 28th October, Coals.—  
 Captain.  
 LUK-MOON, German steamer, 1,218, G. Hester-  
 mann, 12th Nov.—Whampoa 12th Nov.,  
 —Stensen & Co.  
 MEMNON, British steamer, 821, A. Dorff, 23th  
 Nov.—Sandakan 7th Nov., General.  
 Butterfield & Swire.  
 NAMOA, British steamer, 863, T. G. Pocock,  
 4th Nov.—Fookchow 30th October, Amoy  
 31st, and Swatow 3rd Nov., General.—D.  
 Laprak & Co.  
 NANTING, British steamer, 808, J. Hogg, 9th  
 Nov.—Manila 7th November, General.—  
 Jardine, Matheson & Co.  
 TETARTOS, German steamer, 1,508, W. Breitung,  
 8th Nov.—Probolinggo 28th Oct., Sugar—  
 Jardine, Matheson & Co.  
**SAILING VESSELS.**  
 ADOLPH, German bark, 454, Westergaard, 8th  
 October.—Hamburg 4th June, General—  
 Carlowitz & Co.  
 ALICE MARY, British bark, 361, S. Sampson,  
 24th October.—Albany, W.A., 12th August,  
 Sandalwood.—Gliman & Co.  
 ALTAIR, British bark, 399, T. Munro, 27th  
 Sept.—Albany 8th August, Sandalwood—  
 Orders.  
 ADAM W. SPIES, American bark, 1,171, A. D.  
 Field, 14th October.—Newcastle, N.S.W.,  
 15th August, Coal.—Orders.  
 CHARON WATTANA, Siamese bark, 616, W. L.  
 Cain, 1st Sept.—Wah Hin 13th August,  
 Timber and Sapanwood.—Captain.  
 COMET, German ship, 1,083, R. Krippner, 27th  
 Sept.—Cardiff 19th May, Coal.—Orders.  
 DOROTHY, British bark, 310, A. Cross, 31st Oct.,  
 Lagunianoc 15th Oct., Timber.—Gibb,  
 Livingston & Co.  
 FANNIE TUCKER, American ship, 1,457, Post,  
 28th October.—New York 8th June, Kero-  
 sene Oil.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.  
 KAMRILA, British ship, 1,912, J. J. Bowell, 27th  
 October.—Singapore 11th Oct., Timber.—  
 Captain.  
 NICOVA, British bark, 594, B. Johnson, 15th  
 October.—Albany 13th August, Sandalwood.  
 —Captain.  
 SARA MCKENDEY, Peruvian schooner, 245, A.  
 Munsting, 4th July.—Saigon 27th June,  
 Rice.—Captain.  
 SEA WITCH, American ship, 1,288, Chas.  
 Zibbick, 30th October.—New York 24th  
 May, Kerosene Oil.—Adamson, Bell & Co.  
 SINTRAM, American ship, 1,500, Woodside, 20th  
 August.—Russell & Co.  
 ST. JULIAN, British bark, 1,040, W. J. King,  
 16th Oct.—New York 5th May, Petroleum.  
 —Master.

## Hotels.

**THE SHAMEN HOTEL**  
 BRITISH CONCESSION, CANTON.  
 THIS FIRST CLASS HOTEL, admirably  
 situated within a few minutes walk of the  
 River Steamer Wharves, is now open to receive  
 Visitors.  
 The Bed-rooms are cool, airy and comfortably  
 furnished, and the spacious Dining Room, Sitting  
 Rooms, and accommodation generally will be  
 found equal to the best Hotels in the Far East.  
 The Table d'Hôte is supplied with every  
 luxury in season, and the cuisine is in an experi-  
 enced hands.  
 Wines, Spirits, Malt Liquors, etc., of the best  
 quality only.  
 A. F. DO ROZARIO,  
 Manager.  
 Hongkong, 4th November, 1890. [1047]

**THE HOTEL MARINA.**  
 THIS strictly FIRST CLASS HOTEL, now  
 moored in the Harbour of Victoria, offers  
 guests exceptional advantages for Healthfulness  
 and Refreshing breezes; the avoidance of street  
 noises, and unwholesome odours, &c.  
 Grand Promenade Deck, Airy Dining Room,  
 Billiard Room, Billiard and Reading Rooms,  
 Commodious Bedrooms, with separate Bathrooms  
 and Verandah to each.  
 The Table d'Hôte is unexcelled.  
 The Hotel Launch runs regularly to and from  
 Peddar's Wharf and the Hotel Free of Charge;  
 for time table see Bills.  
 Hongkong, 13th August, 1890. [1178]

**THE ROA VISTA.**  
 BISHOP'S BAY, MACAO.  
 THIS House, situated on the sea shore in one  
 of the best and healthiest parts of Macao,  
 and commanding an admirable view facing the  
 South, was OPENED as a HOTEL on the  
 1st July.  
 Every comfort will be provided for visitors, with  
 excellent cuisine and choice Wines.  
 Hot, Cold Shower, and Sea Water Baths.  
 Large and well Ventilated Dining, Billiard, and  
 Reading Rooms, and well supplied Bar.  
 A small dairy is attached to the premises.  
 Mrs. MARIA B. DOS REMEDIOS,  
 Proprietress. [1037]

**HAMPTON HOUSE,**  
 51, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST.  
 TOURISTS and RESIDENTS will find  
 home-like comfort at the above address,  
 at very reasonable charges. Twenty spacious  
 Rooms, each with Separate Entrance, Bath-room  
 and Verandah.  
**SUPERIOR TABLE D'HOTE.**  
 Prompt attendance. Central location.  
 51, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST.  
 Hongkong, 7th November, 1890. [1538]

**To be Let.**  
**TO LET.**  
 NOS. 7, 9 & 11, SEYMOUR TERRACE.  
 NO. 4, OLD BAILEY STREET.  
 OFFICES and CHAMBERS in Connaught  
 House, Queen's Road Central.  
 OFFICES in Victoria Buildings.  
 TUSCULUM, MAGAZINE GAP.  
 No. 3, COUGH HILL, The Peak, Furnished.  
 Apply to  
 DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.,  
 Hongkong, 10th October, 1890. [121]

**TO LET.**  
 With Immediate Possession.  
**BLUE BUILDINGS,**  
 FIRST FLOOR OF NO. 2,  
 GROUND FLOOR OF NO. 2,  
 FIRST FLOOR OF NO. 3.  
 Apply to  
 THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT  
 & AGENCY CO., Ltd.  
 Hongkong, 29th October, 1890. [1503]

**TO BE LET.**  
 THREE HOUSES at Wild Dell Buildings,  
 Wanchai Road.  
 A BUNGALOW and HOUSE on the Upper  
 Richmond Road.  
 No. 1 RICHMOND TERRACE, Six Dwell-  
 ing Rooms, English Kitchen, Fowl House, Con-  
 servatory, and well shaded Tennis Lawn.  
 Apply to  
 HENRY HUMPHREYS.

**TO BE LET OR SOLD,**  
 On favourable terms, with Immediate  
 Possession.  
**EIGHT HOUSES** at "Mountain View,"  
 Peak District, near Plumkett's Gap.  
 If sold part of the Purchase money can remain  
 on Mortgage.  
 Apply to  
 JOHN A. JUPP.  
 35, Queen's Road Central,  
 Hongkong, 4th October, 1890. [1146]

**TO LET.**  
 FROM the 1st November next, Nos. 6 and 9,  
 UPPER MOSQUE TERRACE.  
 For particulars, apply to  
 H. J. SAMPSON,  
 No. 7, Connaught House,  
 Hongkong, 2nd October, 1890. [1582]

**TO LET.**  
 NOS. 25 & 27, ELGIN STREET, behind  
 the Old Union Church.  
 Apply to  
 ACHEE & Co.,  
 Hongkong, 6th November, 1890. [1514]

**TO LET.**  
 TWO Comfortable and well furnished Bed-  
 Rooms, with or without board.  
 Apply to  
 Nos. 23 & 25, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST.  
 Hongkong, 27th September, 1890. [1359]

**TO LET.**  
 Immediate Possession.  
**OFFICES** at No. 17, Praya Central (above  
 Messrs. Douglas, Laiprak & Co.'s Pre-  
 mises).  
 Apply to  
 THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT  
 & AGENCY CO., Ltd.  
 Hongkong, 23rd October, 1890. [1346]

**TO LET.**  
**FIRST FLOOR OF HOUSE,** 15, Praya  
 Central.  
**2ND FLOOR OF HOUSE,** No. 64, Queen's  
 Road Central.  
 Apply to  
 LAI HING & Co.,  
 No. 153, Queen's Road Central,  
 Hongkong, 2nd March, 1890. [1469]

## Intimations.

**DOCTOR CLERTAN'S SANDAL PEARLS**  
 SANDAL PEARLS  
 which are highly approved by the parian Aca-  
 demy of Medicine, contain the pure essence of  
 Sandal, enclosed in a thin transparent gelatine  
 envelope which is perfectly soluble and digestive.  
 They possess a proved efficacy in cases of inflamma-  
 tion, Scalds, catarrhs and contagious discharges.  
 Dr. Clertan's Sandal pearls cure all these incon-  
 veniences whether recent or chronic, in two or three days, without leaving any ill  
 effects. They have no odour, nor do they in any way affect the digestive organs, which  
 so frequently occurs with all similar preparations.  
 Every bottle, is genuine, bears Dr. CLERTAN'S signature.  
 See that the label on each bottle bears the address, 10, rue Jacob, Paris. Sold by all chemists.  
 Agents in Hongkong:—  
 A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd. DAIKIN BROS. OF CHINA, Ltd.

**PURE ICE.**  
 IN from two to three minutes, by the Pulse-  
 meter, Engineering Co.'s Champion Hand Ice-  
 Making Machines.  
 NO FREEZING POWDERS REQUIRED.  
 Will Ice Carafes in one minute, and make  
 Block Ice and Ice Cream, Ice Sparkling Wines,  
 Soda Water, Beer, etc.  
 The No. 1 Machine is very portable and  
 compact—Measurements 24" by 18" by 12".  
 The No. 1 Machine can be seen and tried, and  
 prices ascertained at the Office, No. 12,  
 D'Agullar Street, Hongkong.  
 All Machines tested by actual Ice-making  
 before delivery.  
 G. RENNIE STEWART,  
 Agent, Hongkong. [1213]

**J. & R. HARVEY & Co.,**  
 DUNDASHILL DISTILLERY, GLASGOW.  
 Established 1770.  
**SCOTCH WHISKIES.**  
 Finest Pure Malt Scotch Whisky.  
 O.H.M. Old Highland Malt Whisky  
 F.O.S. Fine Old Scotch Whisky.  
 V.O.S. Very Old Scotch Whisky.  
**MESSRS. HARVEY & Co.'s Pure Malt**  
 Whiskies have for over fifty years com-  
 manded the largest sale in the English Market  
 OF ANY WHISKY made in Scotland, and  
 being thoroughly matured in Sherry Wood are  
 very mild and mellow, and are confidently  
 recommended where a Pure, Wholesome Spirit  
 is desired.  
 Over one million Gallons produced annually.  
 For Prices and Samples, apply to  
 G. RENNIE STEWART,  
 12, D'Agullar Street, Hongkong.  
 Sole Agent for China and Japan.  
 Hongkong, 28th August, 1890. [1262]

**G. RENNIE STEWART,**  
 MANUFACTURERS' AGENT AND GENERAL  
 COMMISSION MERCHANT,  
 12, D'Agullar Street, Hongkong.

**AGENT FOR**  
**J. & R. HARVEY & Co.,** Dundashill  
 Distillery, Glasgow.  
 McKenzie, Driscoll & Co. Wine Shippers,  
 Jerez de la Frontera, and Oporto.  
 Valentin Iron & Steel Co., Glasgow.  
 Pulsometer Engineering Co., London, Ice  
 Machines.  
 Wilson & Baird, Engineers' Ironmongers,  
 Glasgow.  
 Boyd & Robertson, Tweed Mills, Selkirk.  
 Clark Brothers, Tweed Mills, Galashiels.  
 Estimates given for supplying and fitting up  
 Machinery for Mills and Factories.  
 Illustrated Catalogues and Price Lists for all  
 kinds of Engineering Machinery, Soda Water  
 Machinery, Steam and Hand Sawing Machines  
 and Wood Working Machinery, Bottling and  
 Corking Machines, Cooking Stoves and Ranges,  
 Lamps, etc., Canned Goods, Felt and Pith Hats  
 and Helmets, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Enamels,  
 etc., etc.  
 Samples of Wines, Spirits, Woollen Goods,  
 Linoleum, Floor Cloth, Machinery Belting in  
 Leather, Rubber, and Patent Tanned  
 Hair, Patent Scandinavian Belt Guides, Engine  
 Packing, Rubber Sheets, Valves and Washers,  
 etc., etc., can be seen and prices ascertained at  
 the above address.  
 The Pulsometer Engineering Co.'s No. 1  
 Champion Hand Ice-Making Machine can also  
 be seen and tried.  
 Hongkong, 28th August, 1890. [1230]

**A. G. GORDON & CO.,**  
 LIMITED.  
**ENGINEERS, LAUNCH BUILDERS,**  
**GENERAL, AND GOVERNMENT**  
**CONTRACTORS, IRONMONGERS, COM-**  
**MISSION AGENTS, VALUATORS, IRON**  
**AND TIMBER MERCHANTS.**  
**WORKS:**  
 BOWRINGTON, EAST POINT.  
**OFFICE:**  
 9, PRAYA CENTRAL.  
**STEAM LAUNCH COMPANY, LIMITED.**  
 Hongkong, 1st May, 1890. [146]

**Geo. Fenwick & Co.,**  
 LIMITED,  
**VICTORIA FOUNDRY, WANCHAI.**  
**ENGINEERS, IRON AND BRASS**  
**FOUNDERS, GOVERNMENT & GENERAL**  
**CONTRACTORS, &c.**  
 Established 1880.  
 Hongkong, 20th January, 1890. [150]

**HONGKONG HIGH LEVEL TRAM-**  
**WAYS COMPANY, LTD.**  
**WINTER TIME-TABLE.**  
**WEEK DAYS.**  
 8 to 10 A.M. every quarter of an hour.  
 12 (noon) to 1 P.M. every quarter of an hour.  
 1 to 2 P.M. every half hour.  
 3 to 7 3/4 P.M. every quarter of an hour.  
**SATURDAYS.**  
 NIGHT TRAMS at 10.30 and 11 P.M.  
**SUNDAYS.**  
 CHURCH TRAM at 10.40 A.M.  
 12 (NOON) to 2 P.M. every quarter of an hour,  
 2 to 7 3/4 P.M. every quarter of an hour.  
 9, 10, 10.30 and 11 P.M.  
 Special Cars may be obtained on application  
 to the Superintendent.  
 Single Tickets are sold in the Cars, Five-Cent  
 Coupons and Reduced Tickets at the Office.  
 MACEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.,  
 General Managers.  
 Hongkong, 21st October, 1890. [149]

## For Sale.

**FOR SALE.**  
**THE SHIPMASTERS' HANDY BOOK,**  
 by G. C. ANDERSON.  
 At Messrs. Falconer & Co.'s, Messrs. Lane,  
 Crawford & Co.'s, and Mr. Walter Brewster's.  
 Hongkong, 20th October, 1890. [1484]

**FOR SALE.**  
**THE Schooner**  
 "MONTIARA."  
 Length.....75 feet.  
 Beam.....18....."  
 Depth of hold.....7 1/2....."  
 Registered tonnage.....75 tons.  
 (Owing to recent alterations the carrying  
 capacity of the *Montiara* has been increased to  
 about 120 tons, dead weight.)  
 The *Montiara* was built in Singapore, and is  
 most solidly constructed of teak throughout, with  
 iron-wood frames. She has recently been  
 thoroughly overhauled under experienced Euro-  
 pean superintendence, fastened throughout with  
 7 inch galvanized spikes, and newly re-coppered.  
 She is lona-figged with the best canvas sails.  
 Draft of water 7 feet.  
 For further particulars apply to  
 R. FRASER-SMITH,  
 6, Pedder's Hill.  
 Hongkong, 9th April, 1890. [579]

**FOR SALE.**  
**AT WHOLESALE PRICES.**  
**SACCONESI'S SHERRY, PORT, IRROYS**  
**CHAMPAGNE, CLARET, HOCE,**  
**BRANDIES, WHISKIES, MACHINERY,**  
**GAS ENGINES, SINGERS' SEWING**  
**MACHINES, SCALES, PAINTS, OILS, AND**  
**VARNISH, BICYCLES, AND TRICYCLES.**  
**SODA WATER MACHINERY, JEFFE'S**  
**SANITARY COMPOUNDS, BICYCLE**  
**WHEELS for JINRICKSHAWS.**  
 Apply to  
 W. G. HUMPHREYS & Co.,  
 Bank Buildings.  
 Hongkong, 21st November, 1889. [11]

**NOW READY.**  
**THE HONGKONG "JOCKEY CLUB**  
**RACE MEETING, 1890.**  
 A Full Descriptive Report, in pamphlet form.  
 Orders may be sent to the following Agents:—  
 Mr. W. Brewer,  
 Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Ltd.,  
 Messrs. Lane, Crawford & Co.,  
 The Hongkong Trading Co., Ltd.  
 or to  
 The "Hongkong Telegraph" Office,  
 Pedder's Hill.  
 Hongkong, 8th March, 1890.

**JUST ARRIVED, FOR SALE.**  
**THE New Stem Winder and Enamelled Dial**  
**WATERBURY WATCH.**  
 SERIES J.—For Gentlemen, or large size.  
 SERIES L.—For Ladies, or small size.  
 Winding less than a dozen turns;  
 Jewelled, Dust-proof Keyless, with  
 all the latest improvements. A  
 perfect and reliable timekeeper;  
 reliable, durable and accurate,  
 and also  
 SERIES E.—The "Good old favorite." The  
 best form of the original Waterbury: offered at  
 the reduced price of \$2.70 each.  
 Orders from Out-ports to be accompanied  
 by remittance for cost.  
**THE MITSUBI BUSSAN KAISHA,**  
 Sole Agents in Japan, China,  
 Corea, Hongkong & Macao.  
 No. 10, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,  
 Hongkong, 20th February, 1890. [1193]

**INTIMATION.**  
**F. Blackhead & Co.,**  
**SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAIL-MAKERS,**  
**AND**  
**PROVISION MERCHANTS,**  
**NAVY CONTRACTORS,**  
**AND**  
**GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS.**  
 No. 11, PRAYA CENTRAL,  
 (Opposite Peddar's Wharf).

**SOLE AGENTS**  
**for**  
**RAHTJEN'S**  
**GENUINE**  
**COMPOSITION**  
**FOR**  
**THE BOTTOMS OF IRON SHIPS.**  
**HARTMANN'S GREY PAINT,** specially man-  
 ufactured for coating the inside of STEEL SHIPS.  
**CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS**  
**PREPARED AGAINST**  
**ROTTING, DECAY, &c., of WOOD.**

**SAPOLIO.**  
**ENOCH MORGAN'S SON'S**  
**SAPOLIO**  
**FOR GENERAL CLEANING PURPOSES.**  
**CHR. MOTZ & Co., BORDEAUX CLARETS.**  
**MAX HAASEN'S FRANKFURT ON M.**  
**CONSERVED MEATS,**  
**VEGETABLES, and FRUIT.**  
**CEMENT from the celebrated Factory of Hem-**  
**moor.**  
**SWEDISH TAR and OREGON PINE**  
**LUMBER.**  
**FLENSBURG STOCKBEER,**  
**ENGINEERS' and BLACKSMITHS'**  
**MACHINERY and TOOLS.**  
**EVERY KIND OF**  
**SHIPS' STORES and REQUISITES**  
**ALWAYS IN STOCK**  
**AT**  
**REASONABLE PRICES.**  
**ALL KINDS OF**  
**C O A L S**  
 SUPPLIED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.  
 Hongkong, 26th June, 1889. [1230]

**HONGKONG TIMBER**  
**YARD, WANCHAI.**  
**OREGON PINE SPARS and LUMBER**  
 Always on Hand.  
 L. MALLORY.  
 Hongkong, 24th June, 1889. [1011]

Printed and Published by ROBERT FRASER-SMITH,  
 6, Pedder's Hill, in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.